



Population 5.5 million

Surface 390 908 km²

GDP per capita 40 638 EUR





Finland is the happiest country in the world



Finns use the most mobile broadband data in the EU at

per month



Finns consume the most coffee in the world:

 12.2_{kg} per person a year



FINLAND

THE HAPPIEST COUNTRY IN THE WORLD - AGAIN!



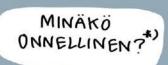






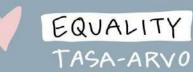




















High performing Finland

Best governance in the world #1 (2020) The Legatum Prosperity Index 2020	Low corruption #3 (2020) Corruption Perceptions Index 2020	Gender Equal country #3 (2020) Global Gender Gap Index 2020
Primary education and health #1 (2017) The global competitiveness Index 2017	Higher education & Training #1 (2018) The global competitiveness Index 2018	Pisa results in the top 10 since 2003 Better Life Index: Education
Equality among children #2 (2016) Unicef - Fairness for Children Index 2016	Mothers' and children's well-being #1 (2015) State of the World's Mothers 2015	Most secure childhood in the world #3 (2020) End of Childhood, Report 2020
Happiest country in the world #1 (2022) World Happiness Report 2022	Digital Skills # 1 (2020) Global Innovation Index2020	Best country for business # 4 (2020) Best European countries for business

History of the Finnish education system



Until 1970 – a strongly centralized & inequitable education system with highly variable teachers



1970 – 1980 – Redevelopment from the bottom up & centralized reform of the comprehensive school system with highly educated teachers (entrance exams for teachers!)



1980 – 2000 – Decentralisation of the comprehensive school system with large autonomy for the local authorities to organize schools and education processes (end of inspection!)

History of the Finnish education system



2000 - 2010 – Reform with more emphasis on development goals, pupils' rights and responsibility



2010 - 2022 — A student-oriented and flexible system based on empowerment (student counselling, tutoring and special needs education).

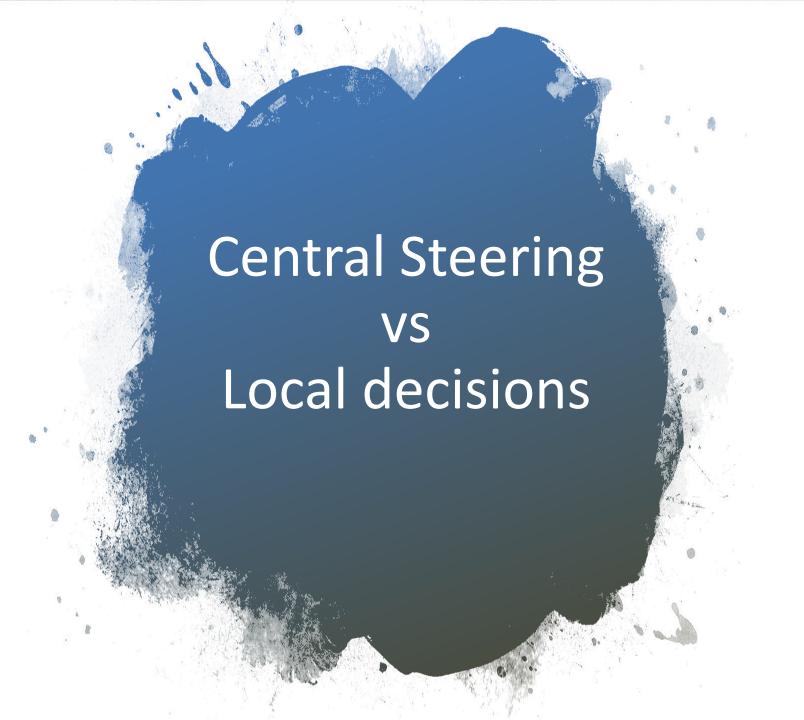


Equal and qualitative comprehensive education at relatively moderate costs (5.3% GDP in 2017)

Government expenditure on education, total (% of GDP) - Austria, Germany, Ireland, Portugal, Spain, Italy

UNESCO Institute for Statistics (uis.unesco.org). Data as of September 2021.





Central steering

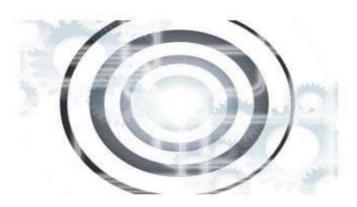
Ministry of Education and Culture

- Education policy
- Preparation of legislation
- State funding

Finnish National Agency for Education

- National development agency
- National core curricula & qualification requirements
- Support for evidence-based policy-making
- Support for reform and development
- Services for learners

Central steering and local decisions



Central / national

- Educational priorities
- Minimum time allocation
- National core curricula
- State subsidies



Local / municipalities

- Educational priorities
- Local curricula
- Allocation of subsidies
- Class size
- Recruitment



Expenditure in Education per student

Pre-primary education 6285 EURO

Basic education
 9607 EURO

General upper secondary 7939 EURO

Vocational upper secondary 10443 EURO



National authorities

Local authorities

Teachers' union

Social partners

Parents

Pupils and students

Research institutions

Relevant stakeholders





DOCTORAL DEGREES Licentiate degrees

FINNISH EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM

MASTER'S DEGREES Universities MASTER'S DEGREES Universities of Applied Sciences

Work experience 3 years

BACHELOR'S DEGREES Universities BACHELOR'S DEGREES Universities of Applied Sciences

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION General upper secondary schools VOCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS
Vocational institutions and
apprenticeship training

BASIC EDUCATION

Comprehensive schools 7-16 year-olds + Additional basic education

Pre-primary education, 6-year-olds | Early childhood education and care



Comprehensive School education

- a nine-year comprehensive curriculum for the whole age group (school year is the same everywhere, but timetable varies)
- teaching is provided by schools near the home (no competition and non-selective)
- there are no national tests, no degrees and no ranking; a final certificate will be given for completing the nine years.
- teaching, textbooks, teaching materials, school transport and school meals are all free = equal access to high quality education
- Educational support and student wellbeing is extremely important. Low drop-out rate (0,3 %).



"Less is More"

- Less instruction hours (3-5 lessons of 45min) and more breaks -> Means more time for reflection
- Less testing (assessment is part of the daily work) -> Means more time for learning
- Less topics in the curriculum -> Means more in-depth learning
- Less homework -> Means more free time to explore
- Less students in a classroom -> Means more care and individual attention

Comprehensive School Education

Lessons per week at different grades

grade	lessons per week
1 - 2	19
3	22
4	24
5 – 6	25
7 – 8	29
9	30

their 9-year basic education. It is more than 1100 hours less than the OECD average.

Comprehensive School Education

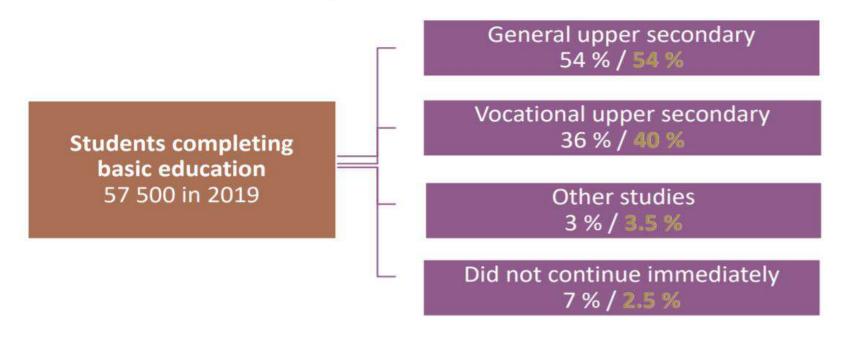
National minimum time allocation sample of subjects (annual weekly lessons¹)

Forms	1–2	3–6	7–9	Total
Mother tongue & literature	14	18	10	42
Mathematics	6	15	11	32
A language (1st foreign language)	2	9	7	18
B language (2nd national language)	_	2	4	6

Forms	1–6	7–9	Total
Environment and science	14	17	31
History & civics	5	7	12
Arts, crafts & sports			62
¹ Total annual no of lessons x 38	Total min	1	224

Comprehensive School Education

What happens immediately after compulsory education? 2001 / 2019



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Work experience 3 years

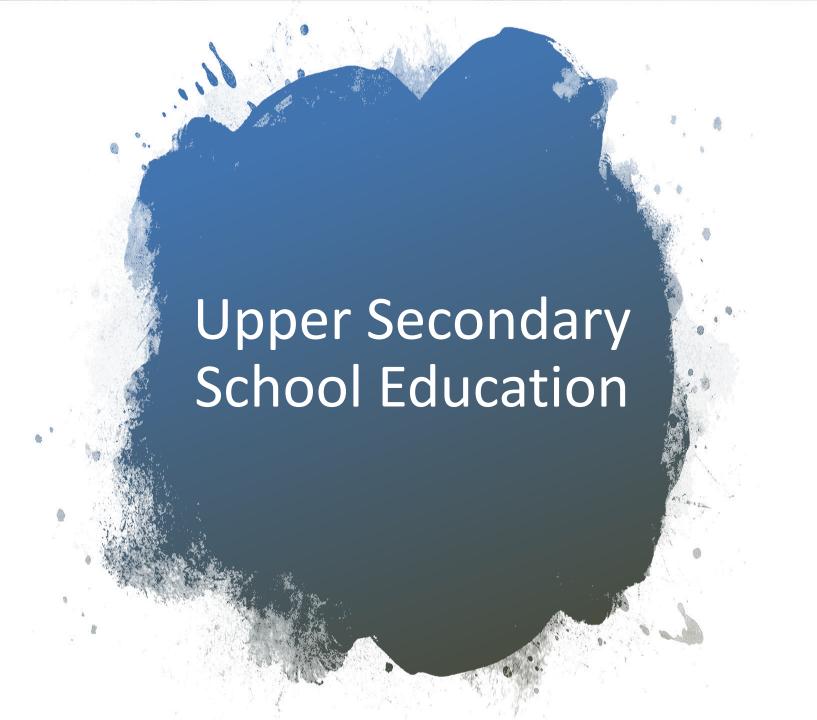
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Upper Secondary School Education

About 54% of students go to upper secondary school (grade marks-based admission criteria – high competetion especially in the cities)

3-years personalized and flexible program leading to Matriculation Examination (individual curriculum for all students, everyone studies according to his/her own study plan)

Compulsory courses	47–51
Minimum total of specialisation courses	10
Minimum total number of courses	75

Upper Secondary School Education

Subject	Compulsory courses	Specialisation courses
Mother tongue & literature	6	3
A-language	6	2
B-language	5	2
Other languages		8+8
Mathematics	6-10	2-3
Environment & science	5	16
Humanities & social sciences	11	14
Arts, crafts & sports	4-6	7

Upper Secondary School Education Matriculation Exam

Minimum 4 tests

Mother tongue (Finnish or Swedish)
Foreign Language
Mathematics
General studies (humanities)

One or more tests possible (biannual)

-> Important to get to university



Vocational School Education

About 40% of students go to vocational school education

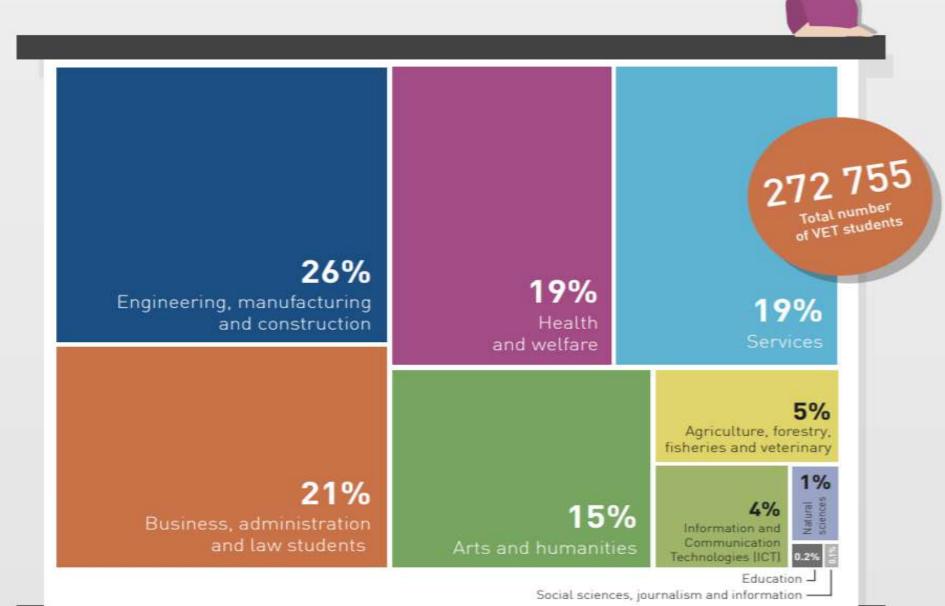
✓ A 3-years flexible and personalized work-based program leading to a vocational qualification (NO matriculation exam) in close cooperation with the labor market.

Individual curriculum for all students, everyone studies according to his/her own study plan (total 180 units):

- √ 35 units general or common studies
- √ 145 units for specific studies and internships

Free for all students, except books and materials

Distribution of VET students by field of study 2017 (%)



Open pathways from VET to higher education

The proportion of new student with a VET background in 2017



Admission rate to teacher education in 2016:

41%

Vocational teacher education

16%

Kindergarten teacher education 11%

Class teacher education

Number of applicants to teacher education in 2016

Vocational teacher education

4 100



Kindergarten teacher education

3 000

Class teacher education

6 800





Kindergarten teachers 180 ECTS (3 years)

Class teachers 300 ECTS (5 years)

Subject teachers 300 ECTS (5–6 years) Teachers of vocational studies:

Master's , Bachelor's + work experience+ pedagogical studies of 60 ECTS

(1 year)

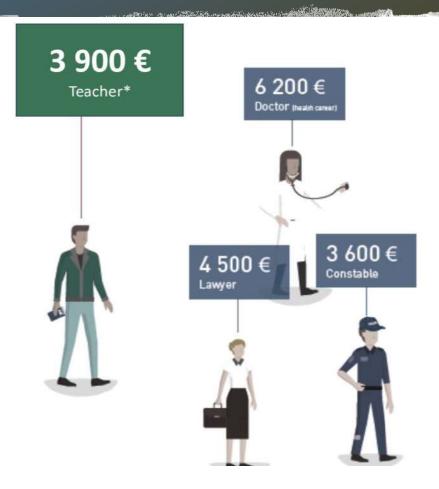
Principals:

teacher education + e.g. certificate in educational administration

- Highly qualified and competent teachers & principals -> Everyone has a masters 'degree in basic and upper secondary school education.
- Teachers and principals are highly respected as practitioners and researchers
- Teachers and principals enjoy a high amount of educational autonomy and freedom in the classroom (own teaching methods, teaching materials, student assessment and NO inspection)

Salary is not the reason to become a teacher

Average actual monthly salary in the municipal sector 3 200 €



* lower secondary subject teacher Source: Statistics Finland

Teacher and principal salaries in Finland

(permanent contract, average actual gross salaries per month 2018)

•	kindergarten teacher	2 700 €
•	class teacher, primary education	3 700 €
•	subject teacher, lower secondary	4 100 €
•	subject teacher, general upper secondary	4 600 €
•	vocational studies teacher (VET)	4 300 €
•	principal, basic education	5 800 €
•	principal, general upper secondary	6 000 €

Average salary in the municipal sector in Finland 2018: 3 200 €

Finnish Education in international comparison

Instruction time low

Differences between schools small

Girls outperform boys

Moderate costs

Socio-economic effect moderate

Teachers feel highly valued

Teachers' statutory teaching hours (45-minute lessons)

Class (primary) teachers	24
Lower secondary subject teachers	18-24
Upper secondary subject teachers	16-23



Check out more via the official website of the Finnish agency for education

https://www.oph.fi/en/statistics-andpublications/publications

